



# Microbiology

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# Bacterial taxonomy, Classification, and laboratory diagnosis

## • Vitek system

➤ The vitek system is an automated tool used for:

✓ *Identification, Antibiogram, Antifungals*

✓ **Include:**

▪ *Vietk system*

▪ **Two cards are :**

1. Identification card (ID card) have 47 biochemical tests

○ Specific Card for GN/ Specific Card for GP/ Specific Card for Yeast

2. Antimicrobial susceptibility test card (AST card) have :

○ 22 antibiotics and MIC



➤ **Steps of work:**

✓ Organism isolation (Pure)

✓ Bacterial suspension (2 tubes)

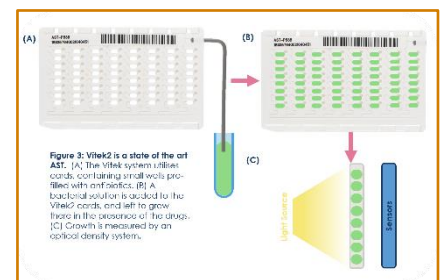
✓ Measure turbidity (0.5 -0.63)

✓ Insert cards in bacterial Suspension tubes

✓ Into the filling room (Transfer the bacterial suspension into the wells

✓ Transfer the cassette into the loading room (Diagnostic) 5-10hrs

✓ Colorimetric (Barcode)



## • Urine culture technique

➤ **Purpose**

✓ *To diagnose:* urinary tract infection (UTI) → bacteriuria

✓ Symptoms to UTI: Dysuria frequency

✓ Bacteriuria *significant* when:

▪ Bacterial count: 100,000 CFU/ml (colony forming unit [CFU])

▪ In Pyuria :(Pus in urine > 10 cells/HPF) Significant Bacteriuria

➤ **Specimen:**

✓ Mid-stream urine

✓ Catheterization

✓ Suprapubic aspiration

▪ How to collect Mid-stream urine?

○ Stop antibiotics (for 3 days)

○ Wash and dry your hands.

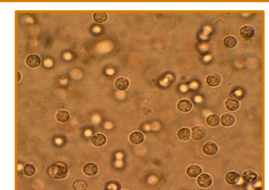
1. Clean genital area

2. Remove the lid on the container (Sterile)

3. Pass a small amount of urine into the toilet. (at morning)

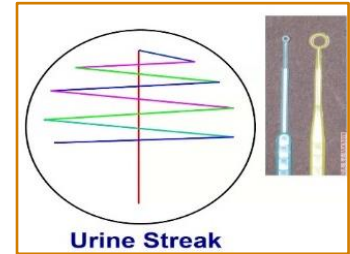
4. Mid stream urine

5. Pass the reimaging urine into the toilet.



➤ **Method**

- ✓ Mix urine (uncentrifuged) & by Calibrated loop
- ✓ Inoculation on by streaking & incubate at 37°C For 24hrs.
- ✓ Examine centrifuged urine ( $\geq 10$  cells/HPF) Pyuria
- ✓ Count the growth colonies
- ✓ Multiply the count by dilution factor  
10 $\mu$ L (0.01ml)  $\rightarrow$  No. of colonies X100= 10<sup>5</sup> CFU/ml  
1 $\mu$ L (0.001ml)  $\rightarrow$  No. of colonies X1000= 10<sup>5</sup> CFU/ml



➤ **Interpretation**

- ✓  $\leq 10^5$  CFU/ml  $\rightarrow$  Significant bacteriuria  $\rightarrow$  Identification
- ✓  $\leq 10^3$  CFU/ml + *S. aureus*  $\rightarrow$  Significant bacteriuria  $\rightarrow$  Identification
- ✓ *Sterile pyuria* Pus without any bacterial growth in ordinary media [ $10^3$  (No UTI)]  $\rightarrow$  Sterile pyuria:

**Causes:**

- Taking antibiotics
- Renal tuberculosis
- Renal stones
- Organism not grow on ordinary media
  - Mycoplasma
  - L-form bacteria
  - Anaerobic infection
- Prostatitis
- Vaginitis
- Cervicitis
- Malignancy
- Renal calculi

- ✓ *Suprapubic aspiration*  $\rightarrow 10^3$   $\rightarrow$  Any growth is significant bacteriuria

● **Blood culture**

➤ **Purpose**

- ✓ *Bacteremic infections*
  - Typhoid fever
  - Endocarditis
  - Puerperal sepsis
  - Brucellosis

➤ **Specimen**

- ✓ 3ml blood to 30 ml broth For child
- ✓ 10 ml blood to 30 ml broth for Adult (aerobic)
- ✓ 10 ml blood to 40 ml broth for Adult (anerobic)

➤ **Method**

- ✓ 10 ml blood & 30 ml in *broth Dilutes antibacterial* that provides good nutrient (organism present in small number)
- ✓ Incubation 5 to 21 days
- ✓ Organism present  $\rightarrow$  Consume nutrients  $\rightarrow$  CO<sub>2</sub> released  $\rightarrow$  CO<sub>2</sub> reacts with sensor  $\rightarrow$  Light appear
- ✓ Sub culture & incubate at 37° C for 24h  $\rightarrow$  Identification  $\rightarrow$  Susceptibility test



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